

Parallelograms Practice

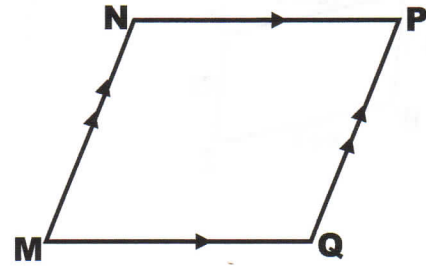
1. a) The parallelogram at the right has four vertices. Name them.

b) Name the parallelogram. Use the appropriate symbol.

c) Name the opposite sides of $\square MNPQ$.

d) Name the opposite angles of $\square MNPQ$.

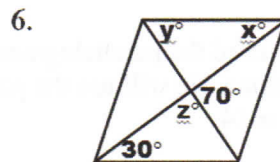
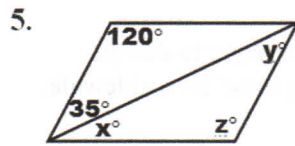
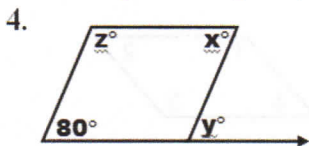
e) Name the consecutive angles of $\square MNPQ$.



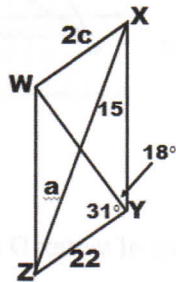
2. If ABCD is a parallelogram, $m\angle A = x^\circ$ and $m\angle D = (2x - 3)^\circ$, find the value of 'x'.

3. XYZW is a parallelogram with diagonals \overline{XZ} and \overline{YW} that intersect at point A. If $XA = 3m$ and $ZA = 5m - 4$, and $YW = 10m$, find 'm'.

For each parallelogram, find the values of 'x', 'y', and 'z'.



7. WXYZ is a parallelogram. $m\angle ZWX = b^\circ$ and $m\angle WXY = d^\circ$. Find the values of 'a', 'b', 'c', and 'd'.



a = _____

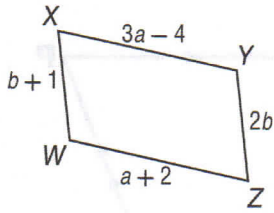
b = _____

c = _____

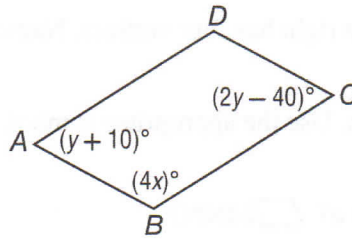
d = _____

Find the value of each variable.

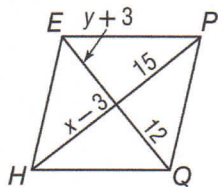
8.



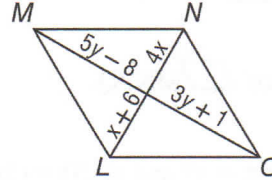
9.



10.



11.



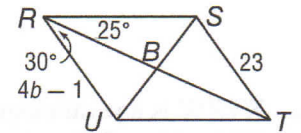
Use $\square RSTU$ to find each measure or value.

12. $m\angle RST =$ _____

13. $m\angle STU =$ _____

14. $m\angle TUR =$ _____

15. $b =$ _____

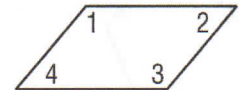


COORDINATE GEOMETRY Find the coordinates of the intersection of the diagonals of $\square PRYZ$ with the given vertices.

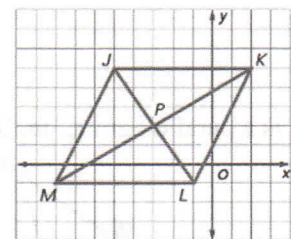
16. $P(2, 5), R(3, 3), Y(-2, -3), Z(-3, -1)$

17. $P(2, 3), R(1, -2), Y(-5, -7), Z(-4, -2)$

18. CONSTRUCTION Mr. Rodriguez used the parallelogram at the right to design a herringbone pattern for a paving stone. He will use the paving stone for a sidewalk. If $m\angle 1$ is 130, find $m\angle 2$, $m\angle 3$, and $m\angle 4$.



19. Use the distance formula to determine if the diagonals in the diagram at the right are congruent.



20. Use the slope formula to determine if the consecutive sides in the diagram at the right are perpendicular.

21. $\square ABCD$ has vertices $A(-3, 5), B(1, 2)$, and $C(3, -4)$. Determine the coordinates of vertex D if it is located in Quadrant III.